US ERA ARCHIVE DOCUMENT

MAY 01 1985 Date Out of EAB: To: Robert Taylor Product Manager 25 Registration Division (TS-767) From: Samuel M. Creeger, Chief Environmental Chemistry Review Section 1 Exposure Assessment Branch Hazard Evaluation Division TS-769c Attached, please find the EAB review of: Req./File # : 241-273 Chemical Name: CL 243, 997 or AC 243,997 Type Product: Herbicide Product Name: ARSENAL Herbicide Company Name : American Cyanamid : Registration for use on noncropland as a herbicide, resubmission Purpose EAB #(s): 536**5** : 400 Action Code TAIS Code: 32 Date Received: 2/15/85 Reviewing Time: 1.0 days Date Completed: 4/25/85 Ecological Effects Branch Deferrals to: Residue Chemistry Branch Toxicology Branch

Shaughnessy No:

1. CHEMICAL:

2-[4,5-dihydro-4-methyl-4-(l-methylethyl)-5-oxo-lH-imidazol-2yl]-3-pyridinecarboxylic acid with 2-propanamine (l:1) salt, 27.6% ai.

CL 243,997, AC 243,997 (free acid)
AC 252,925 (2-propanamine/isopropylamine salt)

Chemical Structure-

- 2. TEST MATERIAL: Not applicable. No new data submitted.
- 3. STUDY/ACTION TYPE:

Response by American Cyanamid to EAB comments of a previous review (11/21/84) concerning the waiver of data requirements for 2-propanamine on the grounds that their proposed use would be only a small portion of the amount applied by others. EAB suggested the open scientific literature be consulted for the fate of 2-propanamine (isopropylamine, IPA) in soil.

- 4. STUDY IDENTIFICATION: Not applicable. No new data submitted.
- 5. REVIEWED BY:

Herbert L. Manning, Ph.D. Microbiologist EAB/HED

Signature: Herber I. Henring Date: 25 april 1985

6. APPROVED BY:

Samuel M. Creeger Chief, Section 1 EAB/HED Signature:

MAY 01 1985

7. CONCLUSIONS:

American Cyanamid provided a reference (attached) on the degradation of IPA that shows it to be deaminated by a soil bacteria and then metabolized through C_2+C_1 cleavage.

This reference satisfies the information we asked for on the environmental fate of IPA and allows American Cyanamid to waive any further data requirements for IPA.

The following is a brief summary of the data in our files on ARSENAL:

- Hydrolysis- The free acid (CL or AC 243,997) is stable to hydrolysis at environmental pH and temperature. Data requirement is satisfied.
- Aerobic soil metabolism—

 14C-carboxyl labeled acid has a half-life of about 17 months. CO₂ was the only degradate. Further study is needed (see RECOMMENDATION).
- <u>Leaching</u>- Data indicates the acid has a potential for leaching. Data requirement is satisfied.
- Photodegradation (aqueous)- Free acid degrades with half-life of 1.3-2.7 days. Data requirement is satisfied.
- Field dissipation (soil) Not adequately defined.
- Fish accumulation- No data in file.

8. RECOMMENDATION:

EAB finds the reference outlining the fate in soil of IPA to support the waiver of the data requirements.

Certain data in our files are deficient or lacking for the registration of ARSENAL:

- Aerobic soil metabolism— a study is needed using ¹⁴C-labeling in another portion of the molecule to better define and identify degradation products.
- <u>Field dissipation (soil)</u> another study is needed giving adequate sampling (define degradation) at sufficient depth (define extent of leaching).
- Fish accumulation— a study is needed, or justification for a waiver. EAB notes that octanol-water partition coefficient is 1.3.

9. BACKGROUND:

A. Introduction

See Section 3 of this review.

B. Directions for Use

See attached label.

10. DISCUSSION OF INDIVIDUAL TESTS OR STUDIES:

A. Study Identification

Not applicable. No new data submitted.

11. COMPLETION OF ONE-LINER:

No new data submitted.

12. CONFIDENTIAL APPENDIX:

No CBI was included in this submission.